

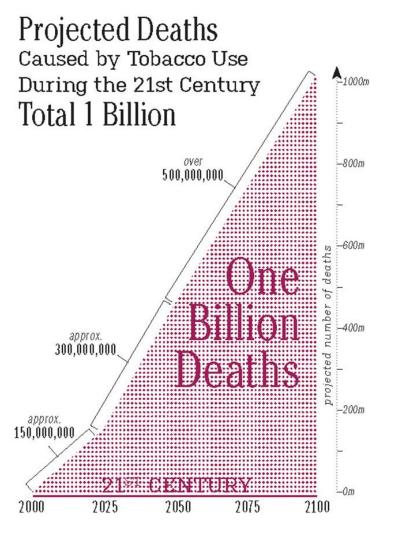
American Vaping Association

Gregory Conley, J.D., M.BA.

President – American Vaping Association Research Fellow – Heartland Institute Member -- Gregory Conley Consulting, LLC Twitter: @GregTHR / @AVABoard

Vaping in Perspective

WHO – 1 billion deaths



The World Health Organization projects **ONE BILLION** will die from smoking in the 21st Century.

For a significant minority of smokers (about 20%), none of the traditional methods work at all and they will lose years and possibly their lives to the habit of smoking.

We should keep our response to vapor products in perspective and regulate as if the one billion lives matter the most

source: Tobacco Atlas, 4th edition; tobaccoatlas.org

Do e-cigarettes help smokers quit?



Data shows,
Pharmaceutical
cessation
products
promoted by our
health agencies
only have a 3% 9% success rate.

"60% more likely to succeed"



Addiction

Volume 109, Issue 9, pages 1531–1540, Article first published online: 8 AUG 2014

Real-world effectiveness of e-cigarettes when used to aid smoking cessation: a cross-sectional population study



The study found that people who wanted to quit smoking were about 60 percent more likely to succeed if they used ecigarettes compared to would-be quitters who tried an anti-smoking nicotine patch or gum.

"It appears, at least for some people, ecigarettes are a viable method of quitting that looks comparable to, if not better than, traditional nicotine replacement therapy," said Dr. Michael Siegel, a professor of community health sciences at Boston University School of Public Health, who had no part in the study.

The same 60 percent statistic held when the study authors compared the use of ecigarettes as a quit-smoking aid to people who tried to quit using willpower alone.

http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/10.1111/add.12623/full

Are e-cigarettes less of a health risk for users?

SMOKING causes:

- Heart Disease
- Lung Cancer
- COPD
- Stroke
- 1 in 10 deaths5.4 Million lives lost every year

Vapor contains <u>no toxic tar</u> or <u>carbon monoxide</u> or many of the roughly 4,000 toxic compounds identified in cigarette smoke.

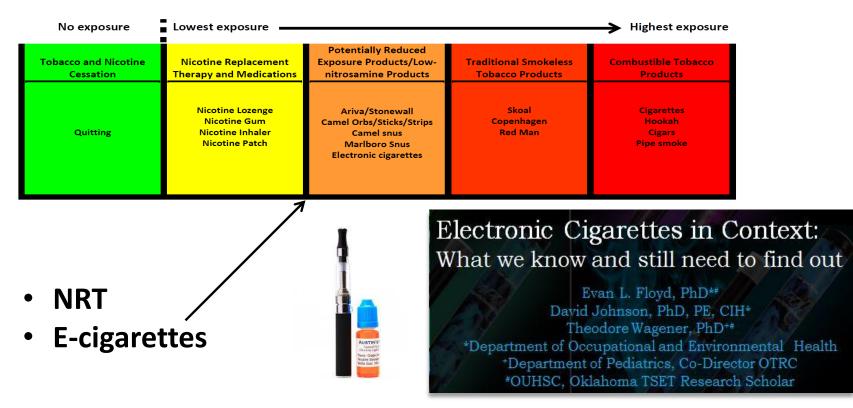


Proven risks of e-cigarettes? ZERO

Are e-cigarettes less of a health risk for users?

Continuum of Risk

Individual Level of Exposure to Known Harmful Constituents in Nicotine & Tobacco Products



No one disputes that e-cigarettes are vastly safer than smoking.

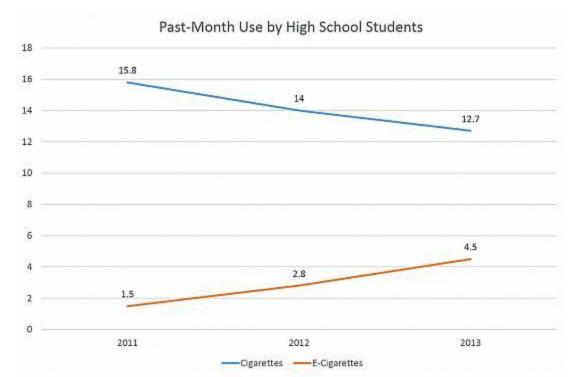
"If there is anyone who believes cigarettes are no more hazardous than e-cigarettes I'd recommend a remedial course in basic sciences." -- David Sweanor

Other Health/Safety Issues?

- Gateway Research is not finding e-cigarettes to be a gateway to smoking, "It didn't seem as though it really proved to be a gateway to anything"

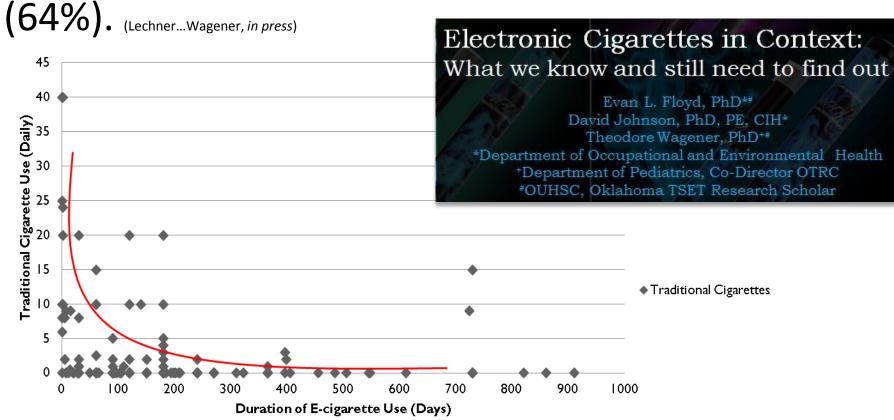
 Theodore Wagener, Ph.D, Assistant Professor of General and Community

 Pediatrics at the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center, after surveying 1300 college students.
- CDC: Increased youth experimentation is tied to large DECREASE in smoking



Subjective effects and smoking behavior

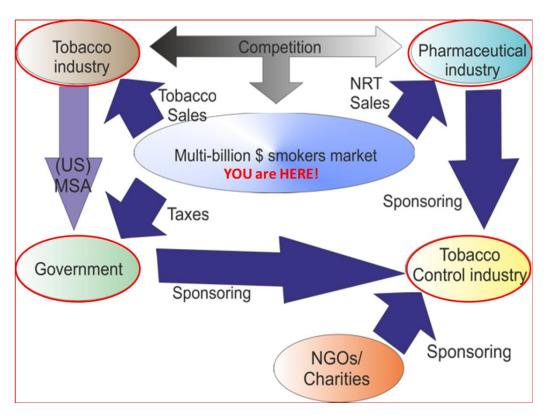
 Preliminary data suggests that a majority of vape store customers are exclusive e-cig users



DISRUPTIVE TECHNOLOGY



Threatens entire established Tobacco Industry



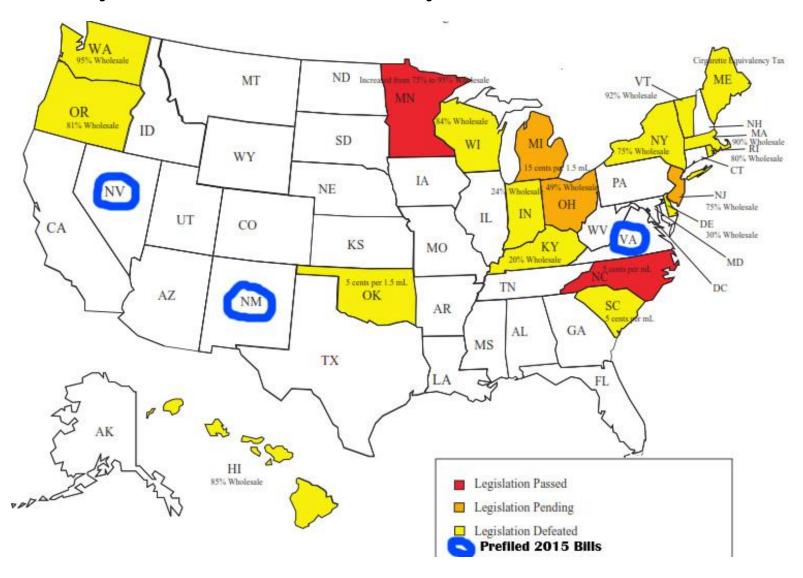
- The Tobacco Companies obvious role, sell their product, make
 money, protect themselves from
 competition
- The Government biggest player in the tobacco market. (2000 received around \$40 billion annually from tobacco, against less than \$9 billion in profits received by the tobacco industry itself)
- Pharmaceutical companies
 - profit from repeat sales of largely ineffective smoking cessation products. (NRT, Zyban, Chantix)
 Partners with public health to push bans and simultaneously promote pharma products.
- Tobacco Control works
 closely with pharma and gov. selling
 policy advice to gov., agitating for
 taxes, bans which benefit both,
 (includes NGO's, Charities, and many
 scientists in universities and in
 government funded knowledge
 institutes worldwide.)

Vapor Product Users Are Passionate & Active





Attempts to Tax Vapor Products



Taxing Vapor Products – Why It's a Bad Idea

- Not science-based: No evidence that states will incur healthcare costs due to vaping
- Discourages quitting: Many vapers start not to quit smoking, but to save money.
 Plus, cost of vaping is frontloaded (\$60+ for a quality product)
- Bad for businesses: 5,000+ new small business vape shops all across the U.S.
- Cross-border sales: Products widely available on the Internet (good for consumers)
- **Sends the wrong message**: States don't tax the nicotine gum, so why tax a product that is showing itself to be more effective?
- **Tobacco wholesaler system**: Not appropriate for tobacco-free products. Vape stores don't want to purchase their products from those who also sell cigarettes. Also, even a "small" tax adds significant accounting costs to small businesses.

"Taxes should be proportional to harms and should include ... no or minimal tax on e-cigarettes[,] ... and a <u>doubling or tripling</u> of the current tax on all combustible tobacco products."

- Dr. David Abrams, Schroeder Institute for Tobacco Research and Policy Studies at the Legacy Institute



Questions?