

#### 2021 Florida Policy Survey



#### N = 600 Floridians

Stratified (region of the state) quota sample (age, gender, race, ethnicity, party affiliation)



#### **Web-Based Panel**

Prodege MR



**July 15 – 25, 2021** 

Margin of Error +/- 4

#### Sample of Respondents

	USF Survey Sample	Florida Demographics	
Female	51.8%	51.1%	
Male	47.3%	48.9%	
Other	0.8%	-	
18-24	8.5%	10.8%	
25-44	30.7%	31.2%	
45-64	34.2%	32.4%	
65+	26.7%	25.6%	
Black/African American	17.5%	16.9%	
White/Caucasian	72.3%	77.3%	
Asian	3.0%	3.0%	
American Indian/Alaska Native	1.2%	0.5%	
Other	6.0%	2.3%	
Hispanic	27.2%	26.4%	
Non-Hispanic	72.8%	73.6%	
Democrat	36.0%	36.2%	
Independent	25.9%	26.4%	
Republican	36.6%	35.7%	
Other	1.5%	1.7%	

#### To Pay or Not to Pay?

In recent years, several local governments in the state of Florida have suffered cyberattacks known as "ransomware". These attacks can disable online systems such as public utilities and emergency communication platforms, until a "ransom" is paid to the cyber-attackers.

Some experts believe that paying these ransoms is necessary in order to ensure the continuity of public services, while others believe that paying them may encourage future cyber-attacks.

In your opinion, should local governments in Florida be allowed to pay ransomware attackers if they suffer a cyber-attack?

# Citizen Perspectives

Table 1.				
Citizen Perspectives on Ransomware Payments (n=600)				
	Frequency	Percent		
The state of Florida should outlaw ransomware payments by local governments to deter future attacks	339	56.5		
It should be up to local jurisdictions if they want to pay-off ransomware attackers	127	21.2		
Unsure	134	22.3		
Source: 2021, USF Policy Survey				

## Citizen Perspectives (by Party ID)

The state of Florida should outlaw ransomware payments by local governments to deter future attacks:

♦ Democrats - 49.7%

♦ Independents - 56.4%

♦ Republicans - 65.2%

\* $X^2$  = 21.682;  $\varphi$  = 0.190;  $p \le 0.01$ 

## Citizen Perspectives (by Age)

The state of Florida should outlaw ransomware payments by local governments to deter future attacks:

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♦ 18-24 - 43.1%
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*X^2 = 38.049; \phi = 0.252; p \le 0.001
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## Citizen Perspectives (by Gender)

The state of Florida should outlaw ransomware payments by local governments to deter future attacks:

♦ Males - 60.2%

♦ Females - 53.1%

\* $X^2$  = 14.641;  $\phi$  = 0.156;  $p \le 0.01$ 

#### Tradeoffs and Considerations

Costs of System Recovery vs. Costs of Ransom

♦ Essential vs. Non-Essential Systems/Services

Long vs. Short-Term Implications

#### Questions and Follow-Up Materials

- ♦ EMAIL: <u>srneely@usf.edu</u>
- SURVEY RESULTS: <a href="https://www.usf.edu/arts-sciences/departments/public-affairs/documents/news-items/spa-florida-policy-survey-results-2021.pdf">https://www.usf.edu/arts-sciences/departments/public-affairs/documents/news-items/spa-florida-policy-survey-results-2021.pdf</a>
- ROUTE 50 ARTICLE: <a href="https://www.route-fifty.com/tech-data/2021/09/pay-or-not-pay-what-citizens-think-local-governments-should-do-when-responding-ransomware-attacks/185723/">https://www.route-fifty.com/tech-data/2021/09/pay-or-not-pay-what-citizens-think-local-governments-should-do-when-responding-ransomware-attacks/185723/</a>