Schofield Generating Station

Implementing Utility Owned Energy Resilience on a Military Installation

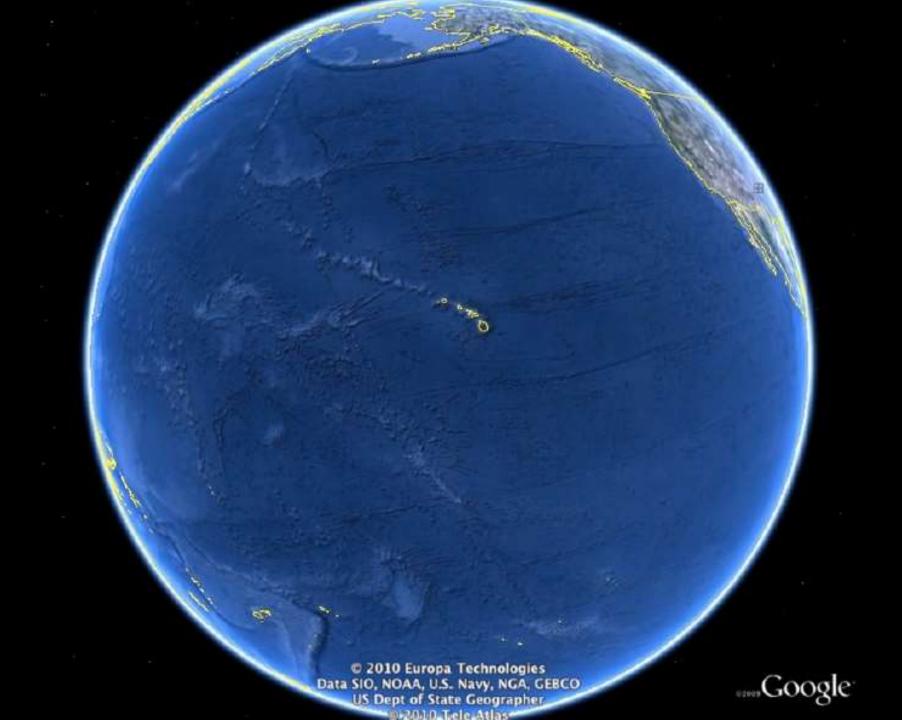




Bob Isler, Vice President, Power Supply, Hawaiian Electric Company

Keith Yamanaka, Energy Branch Chief, US Army Garrison Hawaii





B.L.U.F.

- US Army Garrison Hawaii and Hawaiian Electric Company partnered to solve mutual energy resilience and renewable energy needs
- Result is a 50MW power plant that is:
 - Utility-owned
 - Resilient
 - Renewable
 - Within a military installation
 - Operated daily to serve all utility customers, and
 - Capable of providing microgrid services to three Army bases when needed.
- How did we achieve this?



Step 1: What do we need?

Army

- Resilience
- Renewable Energy
- Reliable Power
- Money
- Expertise







Utility

- Resilience
- Renewable Energy
- Reliable Power
- Flexible Generation
- Permittable Land

Step 2: What do we have?

Army Utility





Step 3: Who/What do we know?

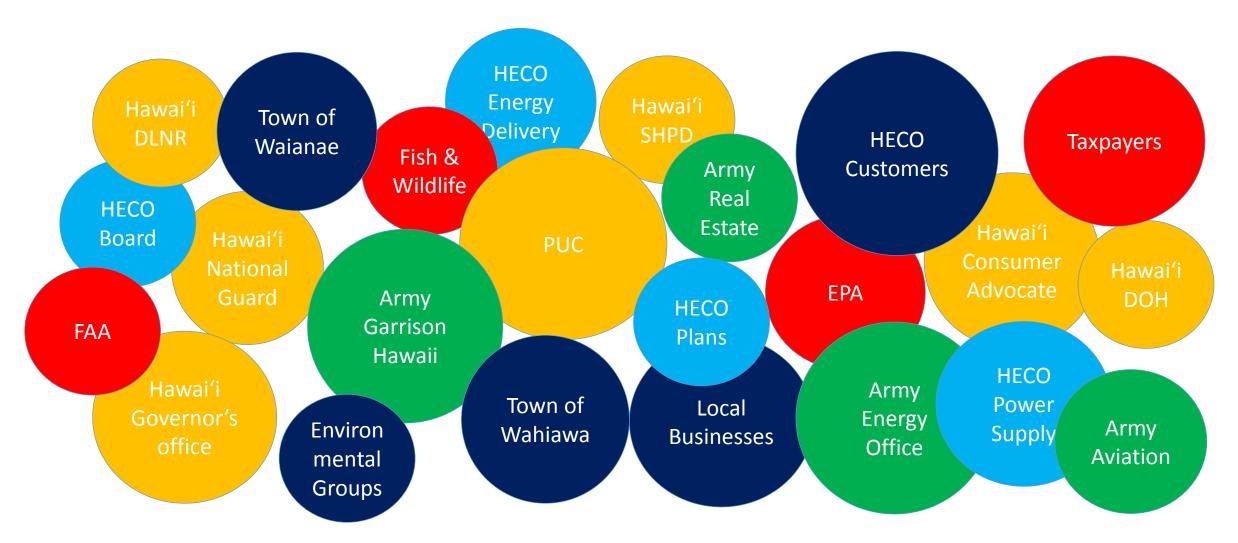
Army

- US Army Garrison Hawaii
 - 25th Infantry Division
 - National Guard
 - Tenants and neighbors
- ASA Installations Environment and Energy
 - Office of Energy Initiatives
- Authority to Lease Land
 - US Corp of Engineers

Utility

- Local Community
 - Businesses
 - National Guard
 - Political entities
 - City, County, State offices
- Congressional Delegation
- Hawaii Regulatory Process
 - Public Utilities Commission

Stakeholders





Step 4: The Solution!

The Deal

- Army land for Utility energy security guarantee
- Guaranteed biofuel use for renewable "credit"

The Microgrid

- Utilize existing grid ties to bases
- Install boundary switches to isolate

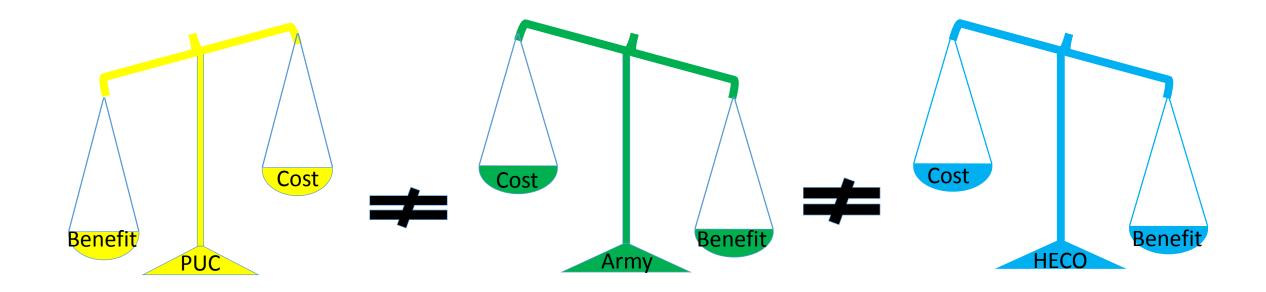
The Generation Technology

- Multi-shaft, multi-fuel reciprocating engines
- Satisfies resilience, renewable, reliability goals, PLUS high efficiency

The Process

- Army valuation of energy security guarantee
- Waiver from PUC bid framework

Stakeholder Perceived Value



Solution to Multiple Challenges

Army Solutions HECO

- Multiple non-contiguous Installations
- Long term resilience needed
- Federal renewable goals
- No/limited funding
- Limited land

- Leverage utility's existing grid to provide microgrid
 - Utility owned and funded
 - Quick start bio-fuel/multi- fuel diesel units
 - Army land lease

- Cost constraints
- Peaking/cycling generation needed
- State Renewable goals
 - Zoning/NIMBY constraints



Generation Technology

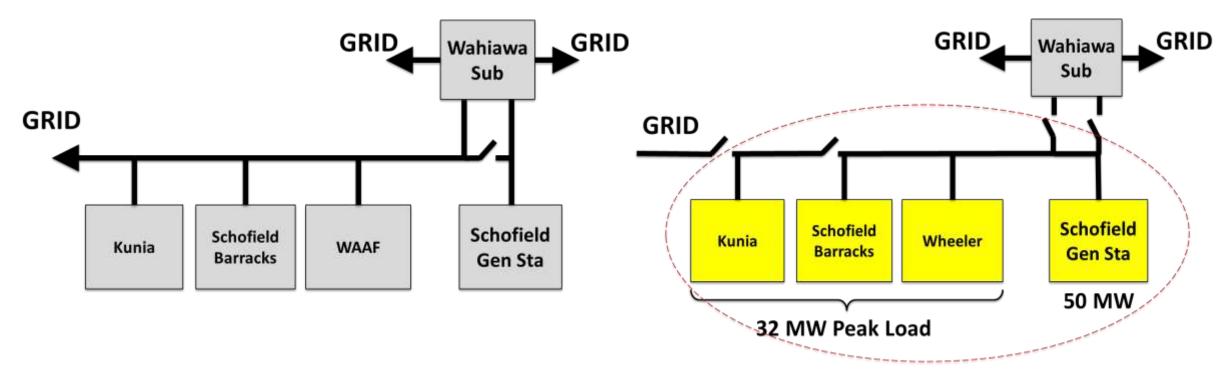




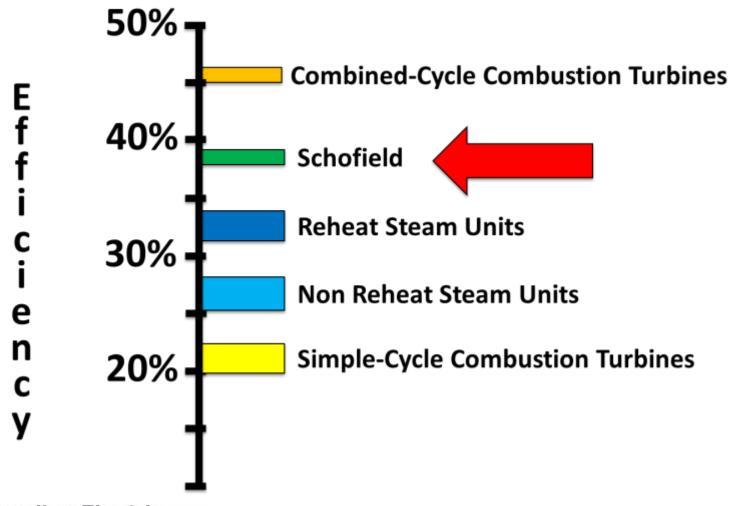
Interconnection/Microgrid

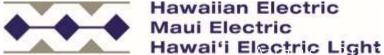
Normal Operation: Grid-tied

Contingency Operation: Microgrid

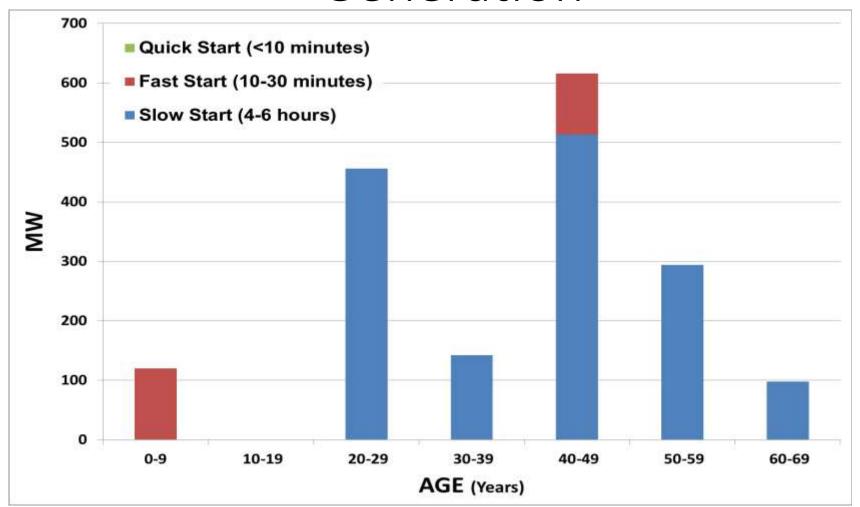


Efficiency Relative to Other Technologies





Age and Flexibility of Existing O'ahu Generation





End of Slides

