

Maternal Workforce and State Strategies

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Maternal and Child Heath Fellows Meeting
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Overview of the Maternal Health Workforce

Midwives

Doulas

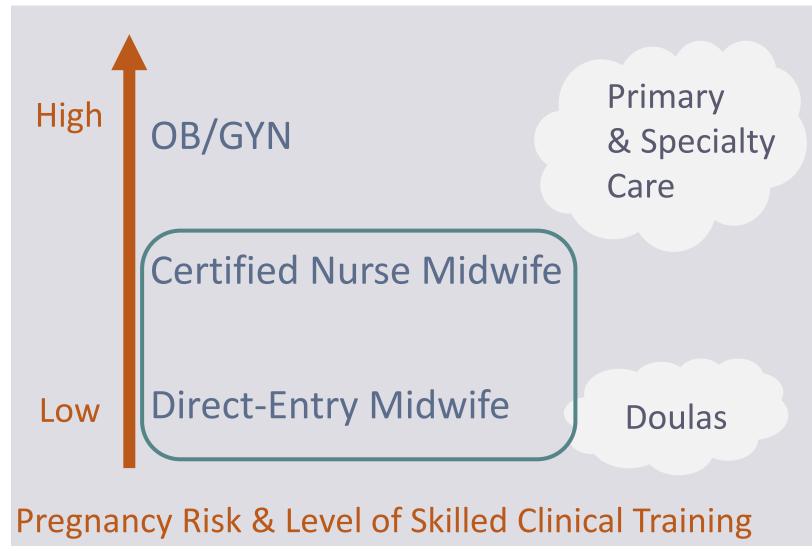
Medicaid Payment and Coverage

Agenda

Overview: Maternal Health Care Workforce



- High-Risk Pregnancy: Complications or other factors may threaten the health or life of the mother or her fetus.
 - Existing health conditions.
 - Multiple births.
 - Young or old maternal age.
- Low-Risk Pregnancy: No active complications and no maternal or fetal factors that place the pregnancy at risk for complications.





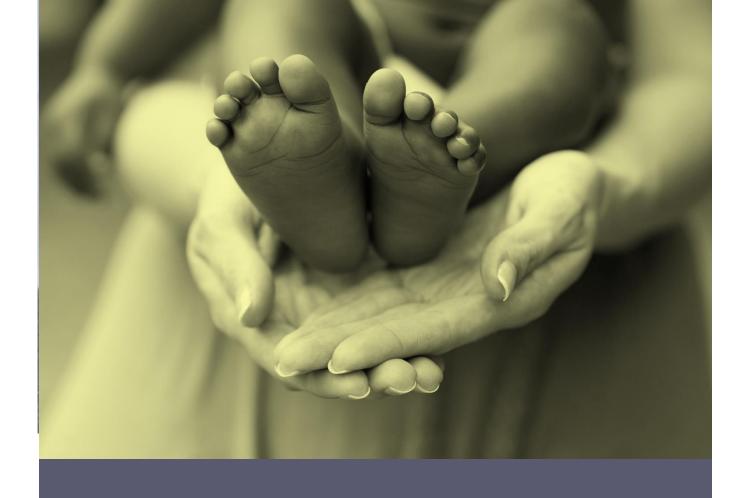


Share

Raise your hand if you or someone you know has received care from a midwife or a doula.



Midwives are trained medical professionals who are experts in normal pregnancy, labor, and postpartum, as well as other aspects of reproductive health. They provide skilled support for low-risk pregnancies and births.



Midwives

Types of Midwives





Certified Nurse Midwives (CNMs)



Direct-Entry Midwives: Certified Midwives (CMs)

NOT COVERED



Other Types of Midwives

- Direct Entry Midwives: Certified Professional Midwives (CPM)
- Traditional Midwives

Types of Midwives





Certified Nurse Midwives (CNMs)



Direct-Entry Midwives: Certified Midwives (CMs)

Certified Nurse Midwife



Advanced Practice Registered Nurses who may practice autonomously or in coordination with physicians or other health care professionals.

50 states and D.C. provide CNM licensure.

50 states and D.C. include CNMs in state Medicaid plans.

Certified Nurse Midwife (CNM)

- Masters' degree, RN licensure and midwifery education program.
- Certification by the American Midwifery Certification Board.
- Settings: In- or out-of-hospital births.
- May receive patients transferred by other types of midwives when more advanced care is necessary.

Certified Nurse Midwife: Scope of Practice



Advanced Practice Registered Nurses who may practice autonomously or in coordination with physicians or other health care professionals

- Full independent practice and prescriptive authority
- Full independent practice authority but transition to independent prescribing period
- Full independent practice authority but physician relationship required for prescriptive authority
- Transition to independent practice and prescribing period required
- Physician Relationship Required



Types of Midwives





Certified Nurse Midwives (CNMs)



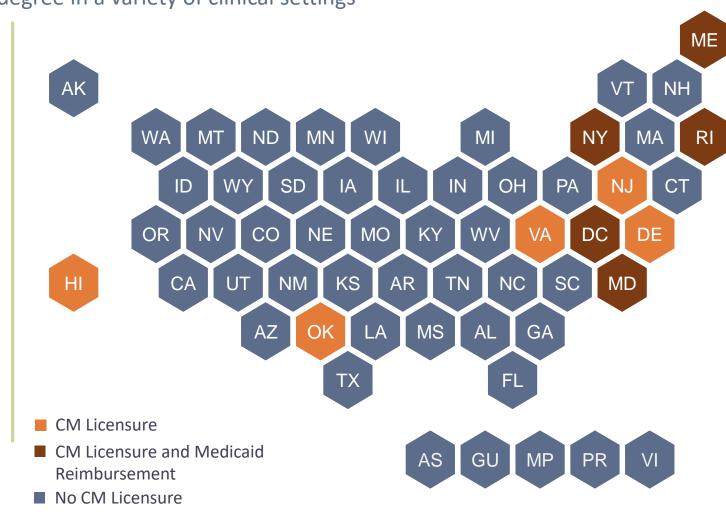
Direct-Entry Midwives: Certified Midwives (CMs)

Direct-Entry Midwife: Certified Midwife (CM)



Provide certified midwifery care without a nursing degree in a variety of clinical settings

- Background in a health field other than nursing.
- Bachelor's degree, science & health courses and related health skills training and midwifery education program.
- Meet the same core competencies as CNMs.
- Certification by the American Midwifery Certification Board (same as CNMs).
- Settings: In- or out-of-hospital births.







Share

Raise your hand if you've seen or introduced legislation this session on midwives.

Maternal Health Care Workforce



- High-Risk Pregnancy: Complications or other factors may threaten the health or life of the mother or her fetus.
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Doulas are individuals who provide non-medical, emotional, informational, and physical support to pregnant, birthing, and postpartum people.



Doulas

Doulas: Evidence



Current evidence indicates that doula care is associated with improved outcomes.

Improved

- Positive birth experience
- Breastfeeding initiation
- Newborn health scores
- Cost-effectiveness

Reduced

- Preterm birth rates
- C-section rates
- Birth complications

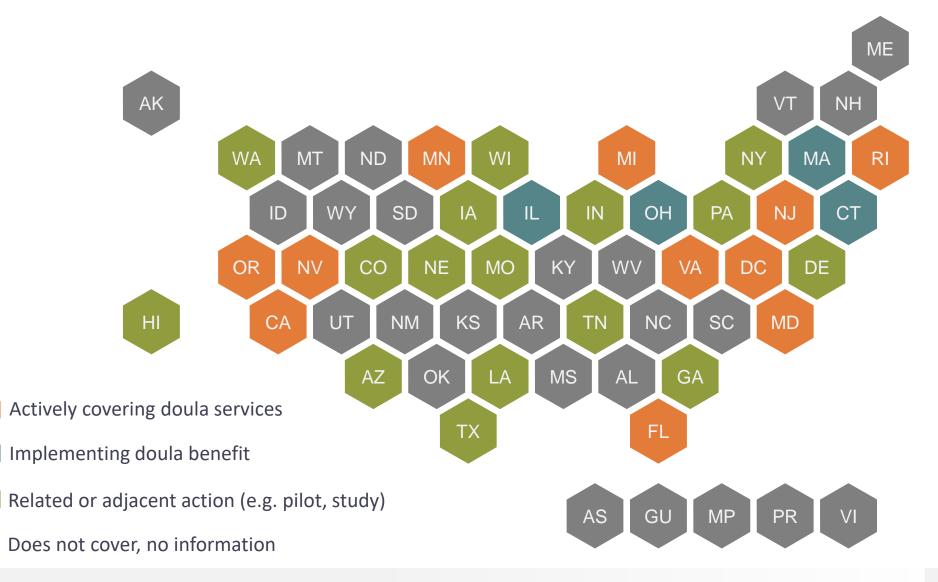
Sources: Modeling the Cost-Effectiveness of Doula Care Associated with Reductions in Preterm Birth and Cesarean Delivery; Impact of Doulas on Healthy Birth Outcomes; Continuous support for women during childbirth.

Medicaid Reimbursement for Doula Services



At least **10 states** currently cover doula services statewide through Medicaid.

At least **20 states** are studying, piloting or implementing doula benefits in Medicaid.



Doula Training and Certification



<u>Florida</u> allows Medicaid managed care plans to determine credentialing for doulas.

Eight states and D.C. require doulas to be certified by the state or third-party certification organization:

Maryland, Michigan, Minnesota, New Jersey, Nevada, Oregon, Rhode Island, Virginia, D.C.

<u>California</u>, <u>Oregon</u>, and <u>Virginia</u> provide an alternative certification process for already practicing doulas.

Doula Coverage Mandates: Commercial and Employee Plan



Private Insurance Coverage

 Rhode Island <u>Senate Bill 484</u> (2021) requires health insurance companies to cover perinatal doula services.

State Employee Health Plan Coverage

 Utah House Bill 415 (2023) requires coverage of doula services in state employee health plans.

2023 Legislative Activity

California, Massachusetts, Missouri, New York, and Virginia introduced coverage mandates.

Source: Private Insurance Coverage of Doula Care, NHeLP (2023)











Nationally, what percent of births does Medicaid cover every year?

A. 26%

B. 33%

C. 42%

D. 51%

Trivia

Medicaid Rate Setting



Medicaid pays OB/GYNs 40% - 136% of Medicare rates for physicians

Medicaid pays certified nurse midwives <u>75% - 100%</u> of physician Medicaid rates.

Colorado

Colo. Rev. Stat. § 25.5-4-401.5

Nurse Midwife Payment

Evaluation (2020)



Nevada

Nev. Rev. Stat. § 422.2704

Rate Analysis and Development

(RAD) Unit







Raise your hand if you've gone through a Medicaid rate review process recently.

Share

Any provider is fine – not just maternal health!





Telehealth in Maternal Health Care

Telehealth Modalities



The use of electronic information and telecommunications technologies to provide care when the patient and provider are not in the same place at the same time.

Live Video

Allows patients to connect synchronously with providers via video conference.

Store and Forward

Transmission of data, images, sound or video from one care site to another for evaluation.

Remote Patient Monitoring

Collection of a patient's health data while the patient is at home or another site and transferring the data to a remote provider for monitoring.

Audio Only

Using audio-only technology for real-time communication between the patient at the originating site and the provider.



American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology <u>found</u> that telehealth associated with:

- Improved access to routine prenatal care.
- Improved glycemic control and similar pregnancy outcomes for patients with diabetes.
- Elimination of Black-White racial disparity in postpartum blood pressure for patients with hypertension.
- Improvement in depression scores and patient satisfaction for postpartum depression care.



Telehealth in Maternal Health Care

Medicaid Telehealth



All Modalities

 17 states reimburse for all four modalities through Medicaid.

Patient Location

• **36 states** allows providers to bill for services when the patient is at home.

Medicaid Reimbursement		# of States
 - 2	Live Video	50 + D.C.
	Store-and-Forward	25
**	Remote Patient Monitoring	34
	Audio-Only	34 + D.C.

NCSL Resources

- NCSL Scope of Practice Policy Website
- Maternal and Child Health
 Database
- Health Costs, Coverage and Delivery Database
- State Policies on Midwives and Doulas Webinar Recording
- Research requests and technical assistance on workforce, Medicaid, and more!









Reach out anytime!

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