



# Texas

- **Chief election official:** Secretary of State Jane Nelson, appointed by the Governor.
- **State election director:** Christina Adkins
- **Who runs elections locally:** County Clerk, County Elections Administrator
- **State website:** [www.texas.gov](http://www.texas.gov)

ELECTION POLICY	STATUS	NATIONAL COMPARISON
<b>VOTER REGISTRATION</b>		
Online voter registration	Not provided	42 states and D.C. have online voter registration
Automatic/automated voter registration	Not provided	42 states and D.C. have automatic voter registration
Pre-registration	Individuals 17 years and 10 months old may register	19 states permit pre-registration for 16- and 17-year-olds
Election Day/same-day registration	Not provided	22 states and D.C. have same-day registration
Registration deadline	30 days before Election Day	National average is 20 days before Election Day
<b>VOTING</b>		
Voter ID	ID required	35 states require ID
Early in-person voting	Begins 17 days before Election Day	47 states allow; national average is 26 days
Vote centers	Vote centers are used	29 states allow vote centers
No-excuse absentee voting	Not permitted	27 states permit no-excuse absentee voting
Mails ballots to all registered voters (aka "mostly mail elections")	Ballots are not mailed to all registered voters	Eight states and D.C. mail ballots to all registered voters
Deadline for absentee/mail ballot return	5 p.m. the day after Election Day*	30 states require ballots returned by Election Day
Ballot collection laws	Household members or family members within second or third degree	31 states have ballot collection laws
Ballot drop boxes	Not permitted	Four states prohibit; 23 states permit; other states are silent
Ballot cure process	Ballot cure process offered statewide	25 states have a ballot cure process
When absentee/mail ballot processing begins	No more than 20 days before Election Day	32 states and D.C. begin processing before Election Day
Electronic ballot return	Permitted for UOCAVA voters living in a hostile fire area	33 states allow for military and overseas voters; 13 states allow for voters with disabilities
<b>OTHER</b>		
Prohibits private funding of elections	Private funding is prohibited	24 states prohibit; 26 states are silent
Pre-election audits (logic and accuracy testing)	Uses pre-election audit	47 states have pre-election audits
Post-election tabulation audits	Uses post-election audit	46 states require post-election audits
State primary type	Open	Primaries range from fully open to fully closed
Member of Electronic Registration Information Center (ERIC)	No	25 states and D.C. are members of ERIC
Use jury lists for list maintenance	Yes	Seven states use jury lists; other states are silent

\*Ballots must be postmarked by Election Day.

**Note:** Neither NCSL nor the U.S. Election Assistance Commission advocate for or against any election policies.

**For more information, contact NCSL at [elections-info@ncsl.org](mailto:elections-info@ncsl.org) or 303-364-7700. For information on federal grants see [www.eac.gov/grants](http://www.eac.gov/grants).**



Use this QR code to access links to NCSL's elections pages with details.



Use this QR code to access links to the EAC's election resources.



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